Takuma先生の電験電卓講座－電験3種編－
正誤表

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頁	箇所	誤	正
37	(3.27)	$R_a = \frac{R_{ab}R_{ca}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{6\times3}{3+6+9} = \cdots$	$R_a = \frac{R_{ab}R_{ca}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{6\times3}{6+9+3} = \cdots$
37	(3.28)	$R_b = \frac{R_{ab}R_{bc}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{6\times9}{3+6+9} = \cdots$	$R_b = \frac{R_{ab}R_{bc}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{6\times9}{6+9+3} = \cdots$
37	(3.29)	$R_c = \frac{R_{ca}R_{bc}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{3\times9}{3+6+9} = \cdots$	$R_c = \frac{R_{ca}R_{bc}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{3\times9}{6+9+3} = \cdots$
37	電卓の操作方法 5-7行目	$R_a = \frac{R_{ab}R_{ca}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{6\times3}{3+6+9} = \cdots$ $R_b = \frac{R_{ab}R_{bc}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{6\times9}{3+6+9} = \cdots$ $R_c = \frac{R_{ca}R_{bc}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{3\times9}{3+6+9} = \cdots$	$R_a = \frac{R_{ab}R_{ca}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{6\times3}{6+9+3} = \cdots$ $R_b = \frac{R_{ab}R_{bc}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{6\times9}{6+9+3} = \cdots$ $R_c = \frac{R_{ca}R_{bc}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{3\times9}{6+9+3} = \cdots$
38	電卓の操作方法【カシオ】・【シャープ】共に4行目	3 ＋ 6 ＋ 9 …	6 ＋ 9 ＋ 3 …
40	(3.31)	$R_a = \frac{R_{ab}R_{ca}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{10\times5}{10+10+5} = \cdots$	$R_a = \frac{R_{ab}R_{ca}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{10\times5}{5+10+10} = \cdots$
40	(3.32)	$R_b = \frac{R_{ab}R_{bc}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{5\times10}{10+10+5} = \cdots$	$R_b = \frac{R_{ab}R_{bc}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{5\times10}{5+10+10} = \cdots$
40	(3.33)	$R_c = \frac{R_{ca}R_{bc}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{10\times10}{10+10+5} = \cdots$	$R_c = \frac{R_{ca}R_{bc}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{10\times10}{5+10+10} = \cdots$
40	電卓の操作方法 1-3行目	$R_a = \frac{R_{ab}R_{ca}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{10\times5}{10+10+5} = \cdots$ $R_b = \frac{R_{ab}R_{bc}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{5\times10}{10+10+5} = \cdots$ $R_c = \frac{R_{ca}R_{bc}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{10\times10}{10+10+5} = \cdots$	$R_a = \frac{R_{ab}R_{ca}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{10\times5}{5+10+10} = \cdots$ $R_b = \frac{R_{ab}R_{bc}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{5\times10}{5+10+10} = \cdots$ $R_c = \frac{R_{ca}R_{bc}}{R_{ab}+R_{bc}+R_{ca}} = \frac{10\times10}{5+10+10} = \cdots$
41	電卓の操作方法【カシオ】・【シャープ】共に3行目	10 ＋ 10 ＋ 5 …	5 ＋ 10 ＋ 10 …
52	(4.17)	$\alpha^2 + j\beta^2 = (\alpha+\beta)(\alpha - j\beta)$	$(\alpha+j\beta)(\alpha - j\beta) = \alpha^2 + \beta^2$
52	(4.18) 2行目	$= \frac{(ac+bd)+j(ad-bc)}{c^2+d^2}$	$= \frac{(ac+bd)+j(bc-ad)}{c^2+d^2}$
58	(4.24)	$\dot{I}_R = \frac{\frac{200}{\sqrt{3}}}{j10} = -j\frac{20}{\sqrt{3}}\ \mathrm{A}$	$\dot{I}_R = \frac{\frac{200}{\sqrt{3}}}{10} = \frac{20}{\sqrt{3}}\ \mathrm{A}$
58	(4.26)	$\dot{I}_C = \frac{\frac{200}{\sqrt{3}}}{j20} = -j\frac{10}{\sqrt{3}}\ \mathrm{A}$	$\dot{I}_C = \frac{\frac{200}{\sqrt{3}}}{-j20} = j\frac{10}{\sqrt{3}}\ \mathrm{A}$